

## **Analytical Data Sheet for ANDalyze Uranium Sensor**

**Detection of uranium in drinking water**

**2 – 60 ppb**

ANDalyze's proprietary Catalytic DNA sensor for uranium uses a DNAzyme reaction that fluoresces in the presence of the target contaminant, lead. The fluorescence of the reaction is measured using the ANDalyze fluorimeter to determine the concentration of free uranium (present as uranyl ion, UO<sub>2</sub><sup>2+</sup>) solution and is reported in parts per billion (ppb) of uranium.

### **Performance**

Uranium dilutions containing between 0 - 100 ppb of uranium were prepared in DI water. The Uranium Sensor Kits and the ANDalyze Fluorimeter were used to perform the uranium test at each dilution (five replicates were made for each test).

#### **Materials Used**

ANDalyze Fluorimeter  
Uranium Sensor Kit (Part Number: AND011)  
Standard Zinc Solutions

#### **Limit of Detection (LOD)**

1 ppb uranium  
Based on 3 sigma method

#### **Limit of Quantification (LOQ)**

2 ppb uranium  
Based on 10 sigma method

#### **Linear Detection Range**

0 – 60 ppb uranium

#### **Precision**

Standard: 30 ppb uranium  
95% confidence limits: 25 – 35 ppb uranium

#### **Coefficient of Variation (CV)**

0–60 ppb uranium ±15% or 2ppb, whichever is greater

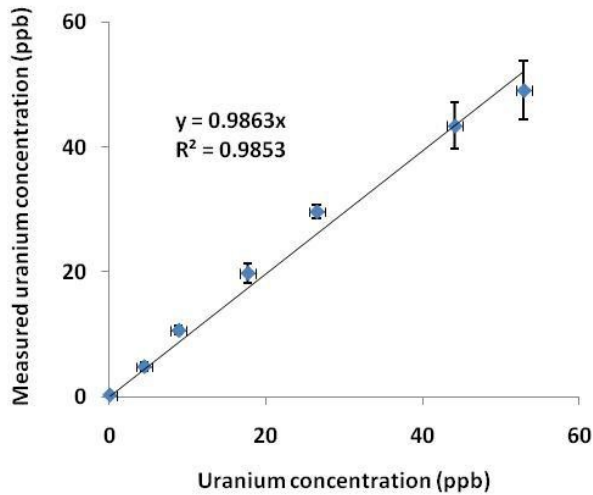
**Note:** This data is for tests in DI water. Environmental and other matrix variations will be higher.

**All specifications are subject to change without notice.**

## Graphs

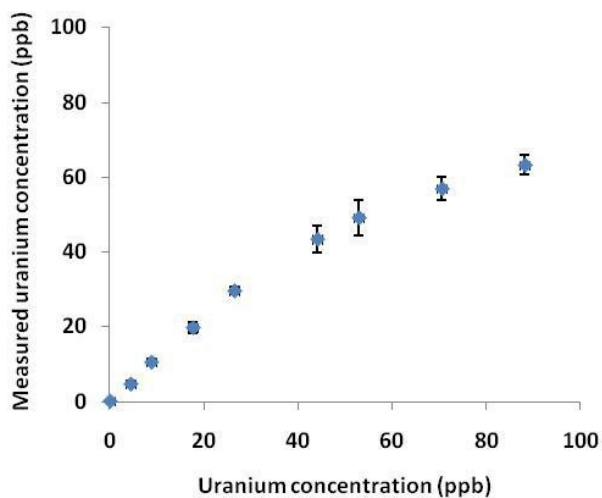
The plot depicts the average measured uranium concentration as displayed on ANDalyze fluorimeter (y-axis) vs. the known concentration of the uranium standards (x-axis). Error bars depict the standard deviation from at least five measurements.

**Figure 1**



Linear range is 0 - 60 ppb uranium (Figure 1). For higher concentration of uranium (tested up to 90 ppb uranium), the accuracy decreases (Graph 2). Samples containing higher than 60 ppb uranium maybe diluted 1:1 and re-analyzed. *Note: The dynamic range is tunable (data not shown). For application where higher uranium concentrations (>100 ppb uranium) are routinely tested, custom protocols can be created.*

**Figure 2**



## **Interference**

Interference tests were done with a 30 ppb uranium solution plus the potential interfering ion. The interference tolerance levels represent the concentration above which the lead concentration is changed to  $\pm 10\%$ . Data represents an average of at least three replicates. For each interference test, an on-site calibration with the particular water matrix (containing the interfering ion) was performed.

<b>Interfering ion</b>	<b>Interference level</b>
Calcium, Ca <sup>2+</sup>	1000 ppm
Magnesium, Mg <sup>2+</sup>	375 ppm
Zinc, Zn <sup>2+</sup>	30 ppm
Aluminum, Al <sup>3+</sup>	0.05 ppm
Copper, Cu <sup>2+</sup>	2 ppm
Iron, Fe <sup>3+</sup>	0.3 ppm
Cadmium, Cd <sup>2+</sup>	5 ppm
Mercury, Hg <sup>2+</sup>	30 ppm
Manganese, Mn <sup>2+</sup>	0.025 ppm
Ammonium, NH <sub>4</sub> <sup>+</sup>	1000 ppm
Carbonate, CO <sub>3</sub> <sup>2-</sup>	50 ppm
Phosphate, PO <sub>4</sub> <sup>3-</sup>	5 ppm
Chloride, Cl <sup>-</sup>	500 ppm
Sulfate, SO <sub>4</sub> <sup>2-</sup>	200 ppm

## **Temperature Range**

ANDalyze test kits work when the sample is in the 17 – 35 °C (63 – 95 °F) temperature range. However, the most accurate and precise results are obtained if the sample is in the range of 20 - 25 °C (68 – 77 °F). A change in temperature of several degrees will require an on-site calibration to be performed.

## **Storage and Shelf Life**

The shelf life is 1 year (12 months) from manufacture date for the sensors if stored in cool, dry area away from direct sunlight at temperature less than 23°C (73°F); however the shelf life of the product is limited by the liquid buffer supplied with the sensor kit which is only 6 months from manufacture date. The life of the liquid buffer can be improved if refrigerated/frozen for up to one year from manufacture date.